

Available document types

Article (Scientific)

Document type *(scientific) Article* includes documents that have been published as article, editorial, register, table of contents or editorial section of a scientific journal or scientific periodical (postprint).

Bachelor's Thesis

Document type *Bachelor's Thesis* refers to the lowest level of a written thesis.

Book

Document type *Book (Monograph)* is intended for classic monographic publications.

Conference Object

Document type *Conference Object* includes all kinds of documents connected to a conference (conference papers, conference reports, conference lectures, contributions to conference proceedings, conference contributions, abstracts, volumes of conference contributions, conference posters).

Contribution to a (non-scientific) Periodical

Document type *Contribution to (non-scientific) Periodical* refers to contributions in newspapers, weekly magazines or other non-scientific periodicals.

Course Material

Document type *Course Material* refers to teaching material in the broadest sense, e.g. lecture recordings as video or audio files, exercise material, preparation or exam material. Lecture texts as such, however, are represented by document type *Lecture*.

Doctoral Thesis

Document type *Doctoral Thesis* refers to a scientific paper leading to a doctoral degree.

Habilitation

Document type *Habilitation* refers to a scientific work in Habilitation to acquire a teaching license.

Image

Document type *Image* refers to a non-textual visual representation. Examples are pictures of photographs of objects, paintings, prints, drawings, other images and graphics, animations and moving images, films, diagrams, maps or sheet music. This document type can be used for digital and physical objects.

Lecture

Document type *Lecture* includes university speeches, lectures and inaugural lectures.

Master's Thesis

Document type *Master's Thesis* refers to the medium level of a written thesis and also includes written theses completed before the Bologna process for academic degrees equivalent to the current master degree (Magister, Uni-Diplom, Staatsexamen).

Misc

Document type *Misc* is intended for everything that does not fit in any of the existing document types.

Moving Image

Document type *Moving Image* refers to a series of visual representations that convey the impression of movement when shown sequentially. Examples are animations, films, TV shows, videos, zoetropes or the visual representation of a simulation.

Part of a Book

Document type *Part of a Book (Chapter)* represents documents that have been prepared within the framework of a monographic publication, such as chapters or contributions to compilations.

Periodical

Document type *Periodical* includes magazines or periodicals, with the metadata related to the magazine or periodical as a whole.

Preprint

Document type *Preprint* includes preliminary scientific or technical papers that are not published in a series of an institution, but are to appear in a scientific journal or as part of a book.

Report

Document type *Report* includes textual material that cannot be categorized as any of the other types, e.g. reports, external research reports, internal reports, memos, statistical reports, project completion reports, technical documentations and instructions.

Review

Document type *Review* refers to reviews of books or article and/or summaries of a publication that have not been written by the author.

Sound

Document type *Sound* refers to a resource whose primary aim is to be heard, e.g. music files, audio CDs, speech and sound recordings. No differentiation is made between sounds, noise and music.

Study Thesis

Document type *Study Thesis* refers to textual elaborations that are prepared as part of a course of study (term papers, seminar reports, investigation and project reports) and are not categorized as thesis.

Working Paper

Document type *Working Paper* refers to a preliminary scientific or technical paper that is published in a series of an institution (also: Research Paper, Research Memorandum, Discussion Paper).